

How Did We Get Here from There?

Experiences from N0147 - A Phase III Clinical Trial (SCT 2011 Abstract # 75)

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Phase III Randomized Clinical Trials (RCTs) in Oncology

- Require large numbers of patients
- Compare 1+ strategies/regimens to a control
- Typically use time to event endpoints
- Last several years

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Experiences from Trial N0147

- Here, we will present the history and conduct of NCCTG study N0147, providing insight into the complexity of managing ongoing phase III RCTs and by covering the
 - Design of trial N0147
 - Mid-Stream Trial Modifications
 - Current Status

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NCCTG Study N0147

- A national phase III trial conducted by NCCTG
 - “North Central Cancer Treatment Group”
 - Funded by the National Cancer Institute (NCI)
 - Data collection contracted by NCI through CTSU
 - Clinical Trials Support Unit (Westat)
- Evaluated treatments in colorectal cancer (CRC)
 - Following complete resection, patients received 12 bi-weekly cycles of treatment (ie, 6 months)
 - Control (Gold Standard) Arm -> FOLFOX
 - 2 Experimental Arms -> FOLFIRI and FOLFOX+FOLFIRI

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Design of Trial N0147

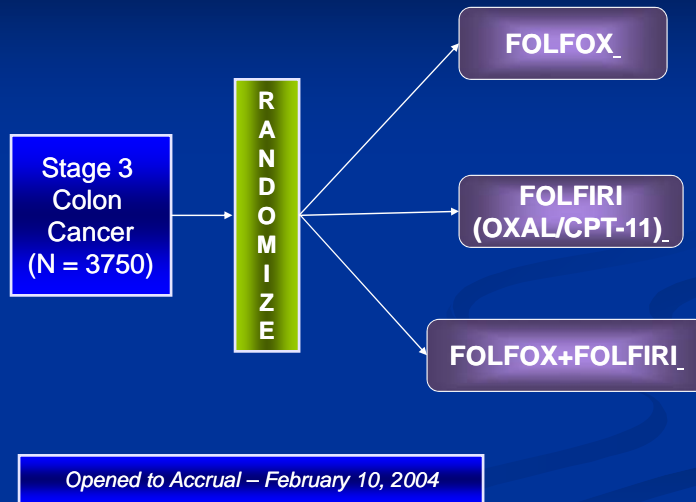
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Design of Trial N0147

- Primary Goal (2004)
 - Increase 5-yr OS
 - 1,250 pts randomized, per arm (3,750 total)
 - Monthly accrual of ~ 100 patients (3.5 yrs total)
- Secondary Goals
 - Toxicity, quality of life (QoL), tumor/genetic markers

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N0147 ~ Initial Design (2004)

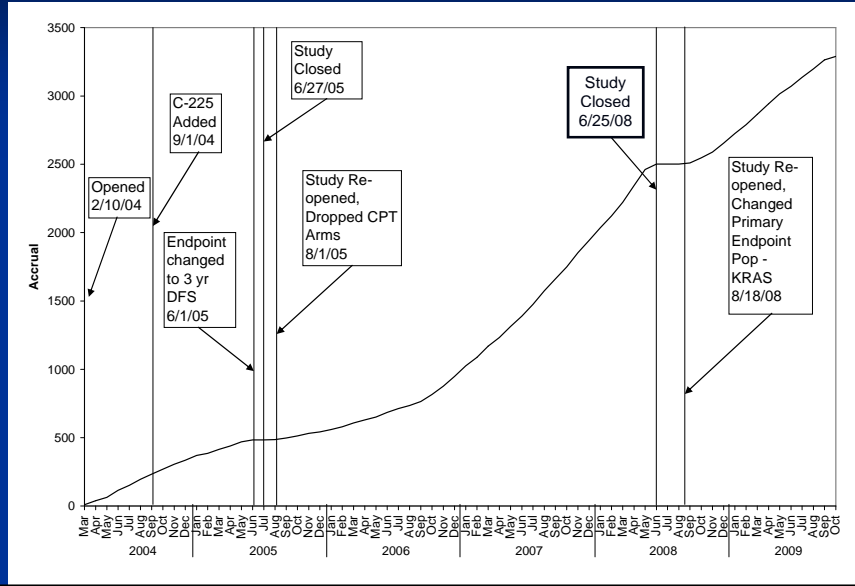


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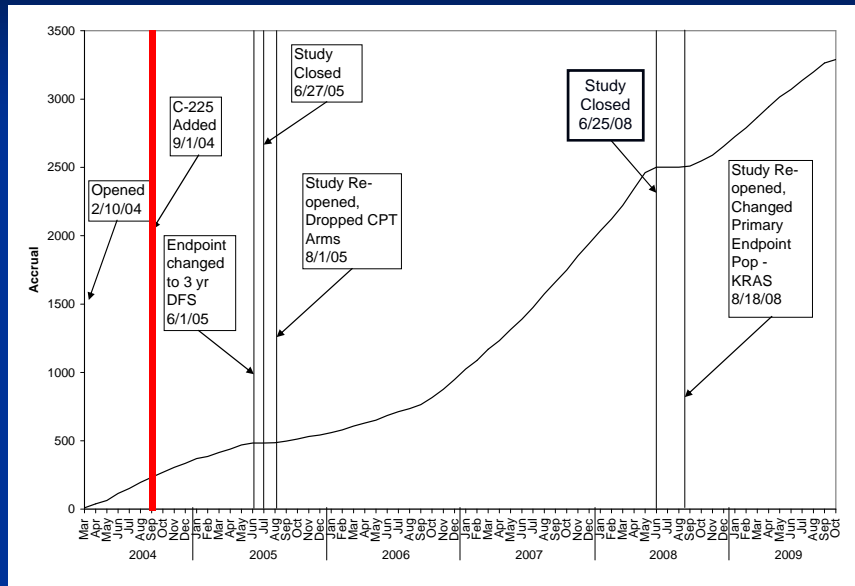
Mid-Stream Trial Modifications for N0147

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N0147 ~ Cumulative Accrual



N0147 ~ Cumulative Accrual



N0147 ~ Periods of Change

- I September 2004 – C225 Added
- II June – August 2005
 - Toxicity Concerns
 - Change of Primary Endpoint
 - Irinotecan (CPT-11) Discontinued
- III June – August 2008
 - New Population
- IV January 2011 - Present
 - Transfer of Data Management

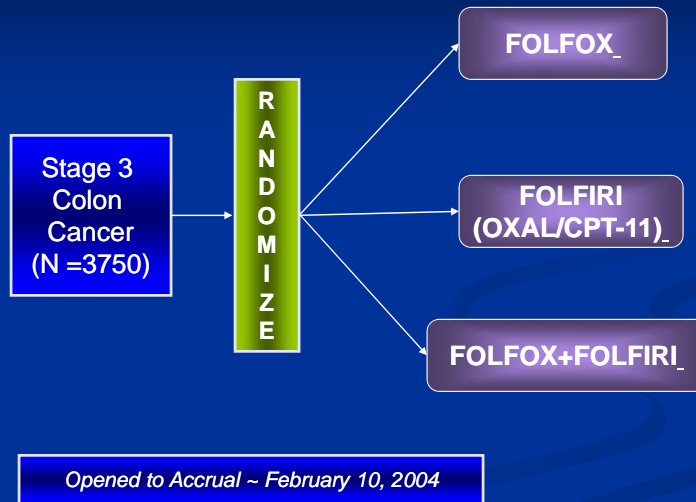
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Period I: September 2004 C225 Added

- C225 (Cetuximab)
 - Chimeric antibody, inhibiting EGFR
 - Primary toxicity is skin/dermatologic reactions
- Approved by FDA in early 2004
 - Use with CPT-11 in EGFR+ patients
 - Single agent in CPT-11 intolerant advanced CRC
- Added to N0147

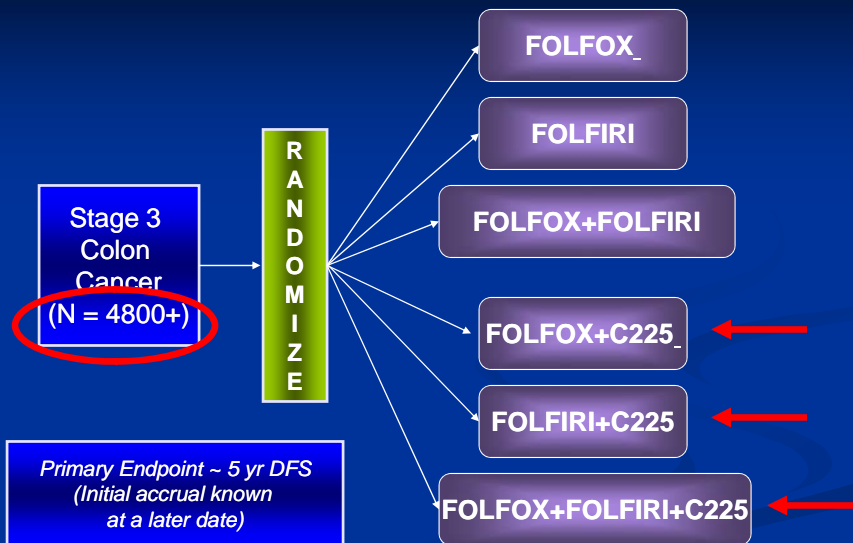
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N0147 ~ Initial Design (2004)



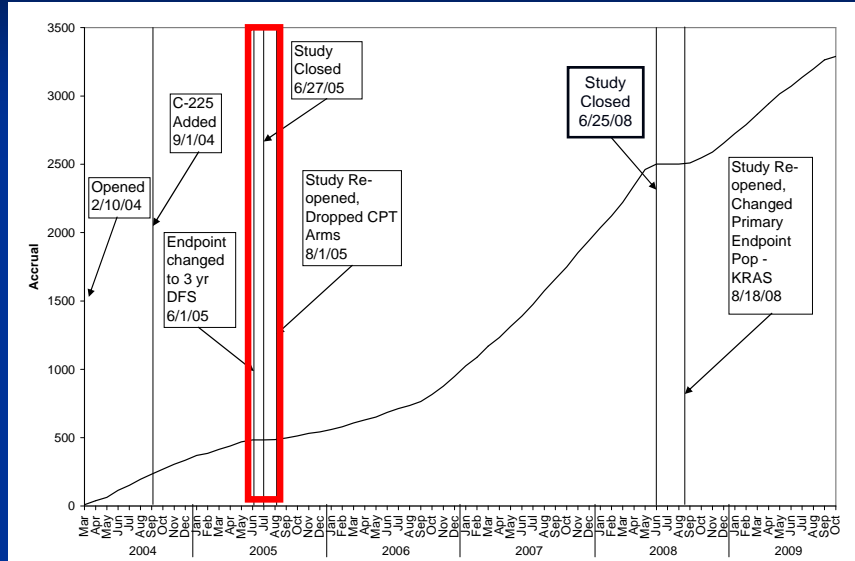
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N0147 ~ September 2004



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Period II: June–August 2005 Toxicity

- Observed toxicity rates were double what was expected
- *What was the problem?*
 - Communication and interpretation issue by programmers at data warehouse contracted by NCI
 - Forms without toxicity reported were not transferred
 - Patient evaluated but no toxicity – still evaluable
- *NCCTG identified the problem immediately, but the Central Internal Review Board (CIRB) suspended accrual*

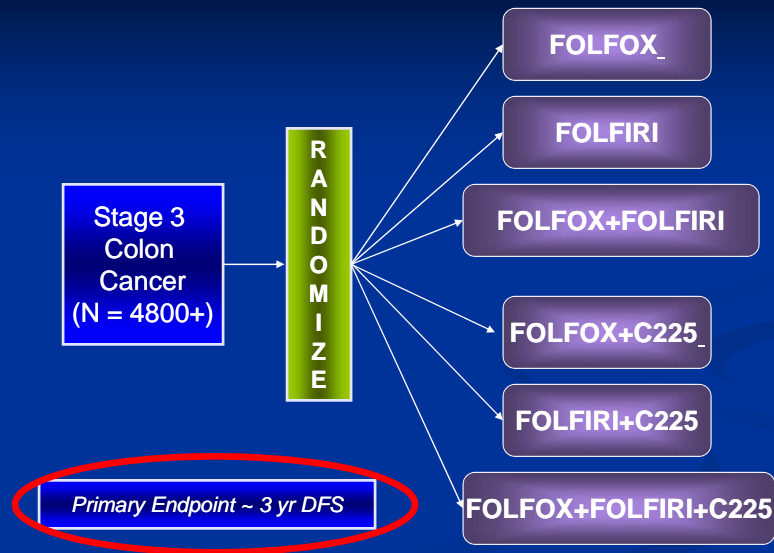
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Period II ~ June–August 2005 Change of Primary Endpoint

- Sargent DJ, et al (ASCO 2004, JCO 2005)
 - 20,898 patients, 18 phase III CRC adjuvant trials
 - “3 yr Disease-Free Survival (DFS) as good as 5 yr OS for primary endpoint”
 - Final results of statistical test virtually the same
 - 75%-80% of recurrences occur by year 3
 - Shortens study duration
- FDA endorsed 3 year endpoint for approval

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N0147 ~ June 2005



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Period II: June-August 2005 Agent Changes

- National shortage of 5-FU
 - Temporarily allowed Capecitabine (Xelox)
- Results of 4 studies in CRC
 - MOSAIC trial validated FOLFOX
 - 5-FU+CPT-11 vs 5-FU/LV
 - C98803, PETACC-3, ACCORD2
 - 1 negative, 1 positive, 1 no difference
 - Unacceptable toxicity levels in CPT-11 regimens

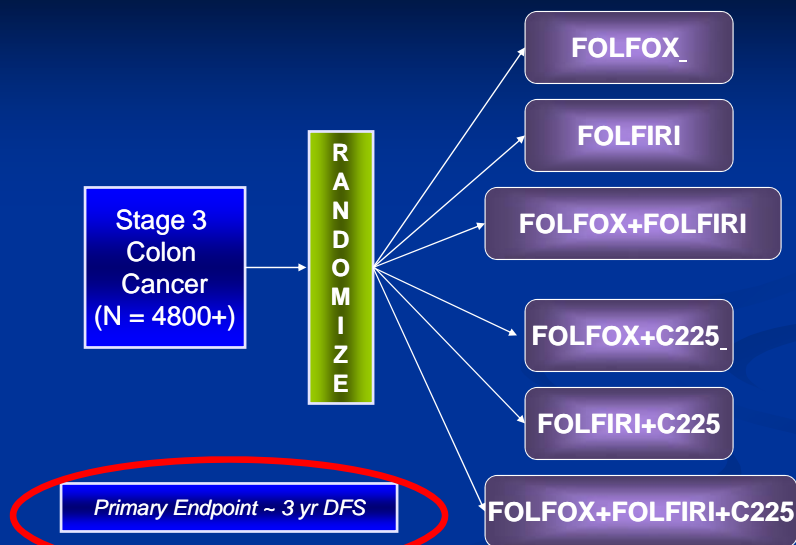
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Period II: June-August 2005 Agent Changes

- Overall, CPT-11 regimens were no longer endorsed for adjuvant therapy in CRC
- Impact on N0147, having 4 CPT-11 arms
 - FOLFIRI patients crossed over to FOLFOX
 - FOLFOX+FOLFIRI continued with FOLFOX, if not yet receiving FOLFIRI
 - C225 unaffected

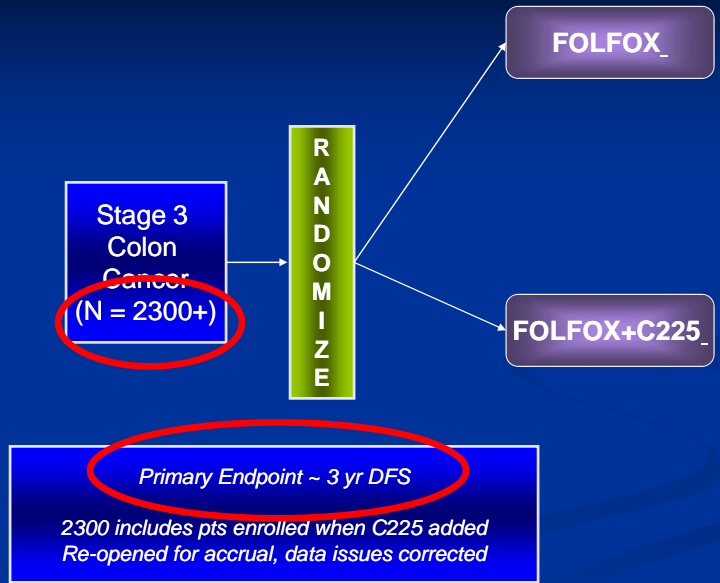
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What was in June 2005...



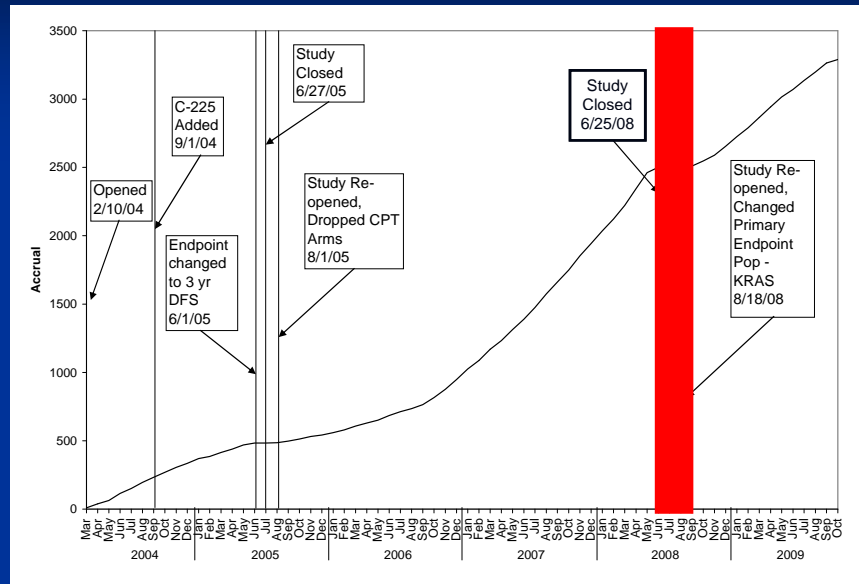
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Became in August 2005....



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Period III: June–August 2008 New Population

- The results of studies evaluating tumor markers became available.... Specifically, the *K-RAS* oncogene
 - On/Off switch – when “on” it recruits and activates proteins of growth factors in cells
 - Mutations of *K-RAS* and downstream signaling adversely affect response to EGFR inhibitors

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ASCO* Recommendations: Treatment & *K-RAS* in CRC

- In CRC, EGFR antibody therapy
 - Has no activity in *K-RAS* mutant tumors
 - May be detrimental to response and progression-free survival in *K-RAS* mutant tumors
- Test patients for *K-RAS* prior to EGFR therapy
- FDA added warnings/information to C225 brochures

**American Society of Clinical Oncology*

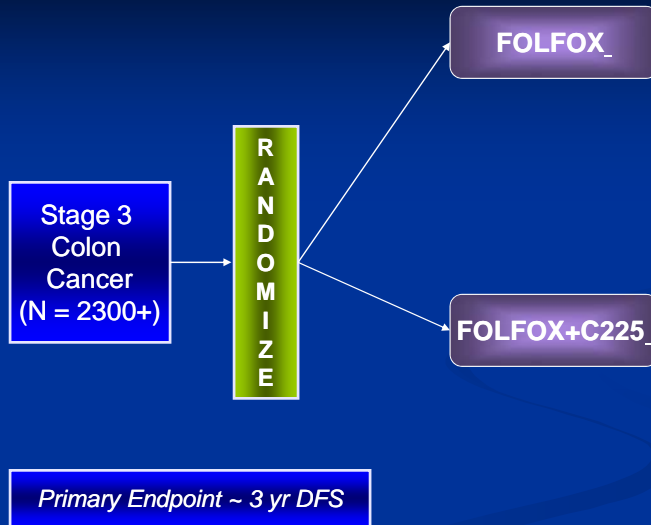
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Period III: June–August 2008 New Population

- Enrollment on N0147 suspended late June 2008
 - Protect patients from non-beneficial treatment
 - Updated the protocol regarding *K-RAS*
 - Re-designed the study for *K-RAS* “wild-type” patients
- Developed centralized lab testing for *K-RAS*
 - Added a pre-registration component
 - Logistics for sample processing created
 - Results returned via email to site within 10-days

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What was in 2005....

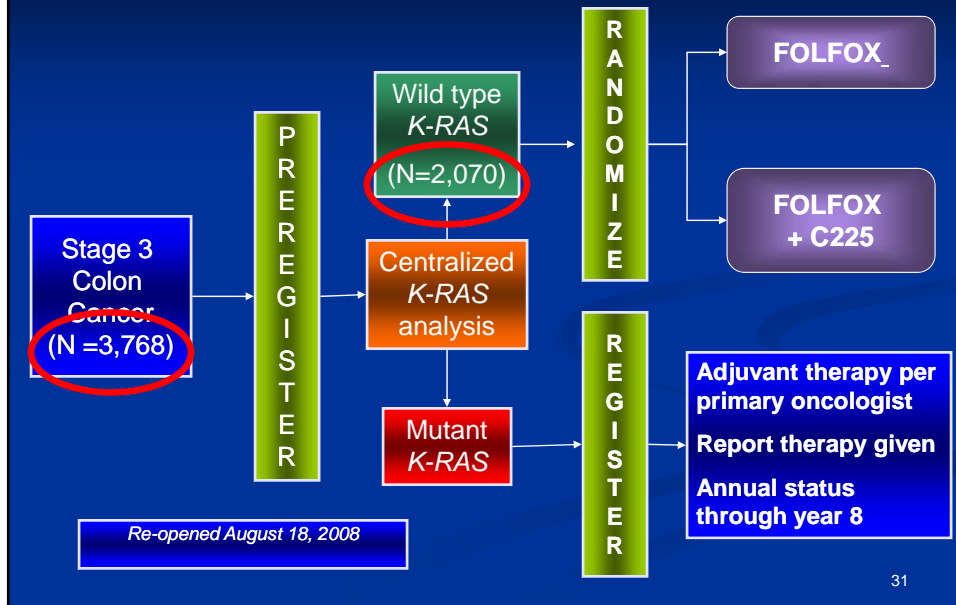


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Became....

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The Final Trial Design for N0147



N0147 ~ Current Status

N0147 ~ Final Results

- November 2009 – 2nd Interim Analysis
 - 1,863 of 2,027 *K-RAS* “wild type” patients enrolled
 - No difference in 3 year DFS, between FOLFOX vs FOLFOX+C225
 - Permanently closed to accrual
 - Following patients for secondary endpoints
- Presented at ASCO 2010
- Manuscript near submission

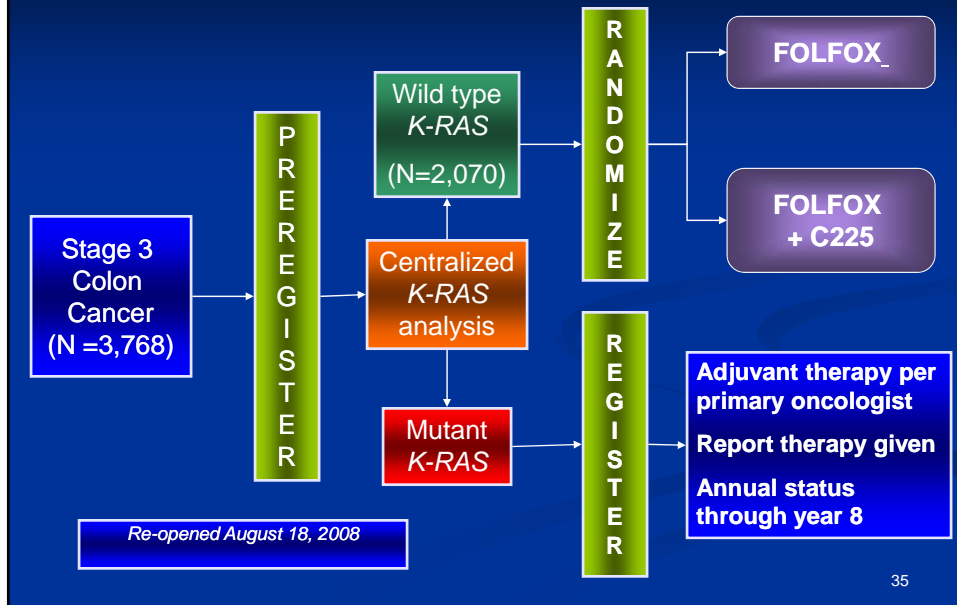
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Period IV: Current Status Transfer of Data Management

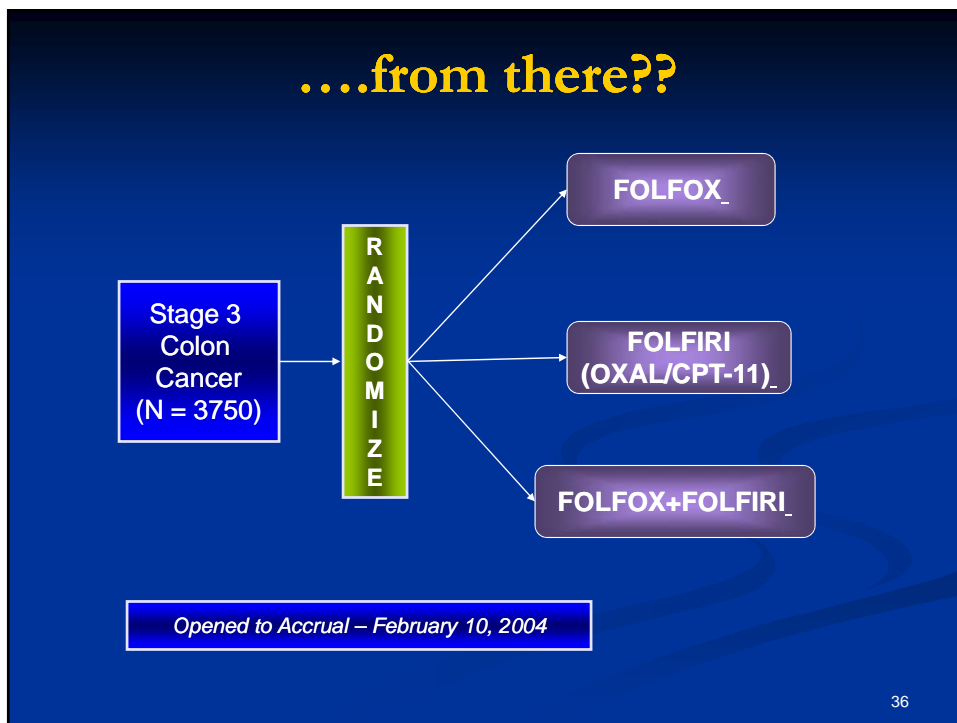
- November 2010 - NCI required that all Data Management (DM) be transferred from CTSU to NCCTG by August 31, 2011
- Phases & timelines set in place
- September 1, 2011
 - NCCTG sites begin entering data into NCCTG remote data capture
 - CTSU data centrally entered by NCCTG

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How did we get here...



...from there??



The N0147 Journey

- Several twists and turns
 - Toxicity issues (eg, suspension, eligibility)
 - Refinements based on results from other studies
 - Population, agent, and endpoint changes
- Not discussed today
 - Forms changes
 - New data items and tests
 - NCI mandated requests for additional biospecimens

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Thoughts to leave you with...

- Re-designing ongoing trials is no trivial task
 - How will the changes affect the study endpoints?
 - How can we best use data already collected?
 - What is ethical and in the best interest of the patient?
- Several factors to consider
 - Use concurrently randomized patients, as patient willingness depends on study schema/treatments
 - Adjust treatments appropriately & carefully
 - Impact on sites, data collection, and patients

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Thank You

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References

- MOSAIC: de Gramont et al, ASCO 2005
- C89803: Saltz etc al, ASCO 2004
- PETACC-3: Van Cutsem E, et al, JCO 2005
- ACCORD2: Ychou M, et al. JCO 2005
- KRAS
 - Panitumumab: Amado et al, 2008
 - OPUS: Bokemeyer et al, ASCO 2008
- 3-yr DFS: Sargent et al, ASCO 2004, JCO 2005
- Results (2): Alberts SR, Goldberg R, ASCO 2010

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